

79904 to 79929—Continued.

with light-green foliage covered somewhat with a whitish bloom. It is reported to thrive in dry rocky places.

79923 to 79927. *PAEONIA* spp. Ranunculaceae. Peony.

79923. *PAEONIA ABCHASICA* Hort.

A horticultural variety for which a place of publication has not been found.

For previous introduction see No. 64303.

79924. *PAEONIA MLOKOSIEWITSCHI* Lomakin.

A herbaceous perennial peony with dark bluish-green biternate leaves with red nerves and margins and yellow flowers, 4 to 5 inches in diameter, which have numerous stamens and purple stigmas. This peony, considered the handsomest of the yellow-flowered forms, is native to the central Caucasus.

For previous introduction see No. 64304.

79925. *PAEONIA TENUIFOLIA* L. Fringed peony.

A hardy herbaceous perennial a foot or more high, densely leafy, with ternate, much-divided leaves and an erect dark-crimson flower about 3 inches across. It is native to the Caucasus region.

79926. *PAEONIA TRITERNATA* Pall.

A herbaceous peony, native to Siberia, usually about 3 feet high, with triternate leaves and purple flowers.

For previous introduction see No. 67050.

79927. *PAEONIA WITTMANNIANA* Hartwiss.

A herbaceous perennial, native to the Caucasus, 2 to 3 feet high, with biternate leaves 4 to 8 inches long and flowers, about 4 inches across, which are solitary, pale yellow, greenish or nearly white.

For previous introduction see No. 64306.

79928. *SCILLA ROSENI* Koch. Liliaceae. Squill.

A bulbous plant, native to the Caucasus, with linear-oblong leaves and small white flowers.

79929. *ULMUS ELLIPTICA* Koch. Ulmaceae. Elm.

A tree, native to Armenia, with pubescent branchlets, elliptical leaves 3 to 6 inches long, and obovate fruits.

For previous introduction see No. 67926.

79930 to 79956.

From Blackwood, South Australia. Seeds presented by Edwin Ashby. Received February 16, 1929.

79930. *ALYOGYNE HAKEAEFOLIA* (Giordano) Alefeld (*Fugosia hakeaeifolia* Hook.). Malvaceae.

An erect evergreen shrub, native to Australia, with narrow lobed or deeply cut leaves and large purple-lilac flowers. It is closely related to *Gossypium*.

79930 to 79956—Continued.

For previous introduction see No. 65221.

79931. *BEAUFORTIA* sp. Myrtaceae.

Perongorups Mountains, Western Australia. An ornamental evergreen dwarf bush native to Australia.

79932. *CALLISTEMON BRACHYANDRUS* Lindl. Myrtaceae. Bottlebrush.

A pendulous form of this large bushy evergreen shrub. It is 12 to 15 feet high, native to northern Australia, with linear-subulate rigid leaves an inch or more long and loose spikes of flowers with showy deep-red stamens.

79933. *CALLITRIS DRUMMONDII* (Parl.) Benth. and Hook. Pinaceae.

Kangaroo Island, South Australia. A dwarf, compact, cypresslike tree with bright-green foliage. It is native to South Australia, where it thrives under semiarid conditions.

For previous introduction see No. 51283.

79934 to 79937. *CALOTHAMNUS* spp. Myrtaceae.

79934. *CALOTHAMNUS ASPER* Turcz.

A hairy evergreen shrub, native to Western Australia, with crowded, linear, flat leaves and short, dense clusters of flowers with crimson stamens.

For previous introduction see No. 67069.

79935. *CALOTHAMNUS QUADRIFIDUS* Ait.

An erect evergreen shrub 7 feet high, native to Western Australia, with crowded linear leaves about an inch long, somewhat like those of *Hakea*, and dense spikes of flowers which are conspicuous only because of the long, rich crimson stamens.

For previous introduction see No. 67071.

79936. *CALOTHAMNUS SANGUINEUS* Labill.

A tall evergreen shrub, 6 to 12 feet high, with subulate terete leaves about an inch long and flowers with blood-red stamens as long as the leaves. It is native to Western Australia.

79937. *CALOTHAMNUS* sp.

Murchison, Western Australia. A downy dwarf evergreen shrub native to Australia.

79938. *EREMAEA* sp. Myrtaceae.

Geraldton, Western Australia. An orange-flowered shrub up to 4 feet high, native to Australia.

79939 to 79948. *GREVILLEA* spp. Proteaceae.

79939. *GREVILLEA BIPINNATIFIDA* R. Br.

A prostrate or diffuse evergreen shrub 3 to 4 feet high, native to Western Australia. The broadly ovate leaves, 4 inches long and 3 inches wide, are twice divided into wedge-shaped segments. The silky pubescent red flowers are in loose racemes 4 inches long or gathered together into a large terminal panicle.

79940. *GREVILLEA BUXIFOLIA* (J. E. Smith) R. Br.